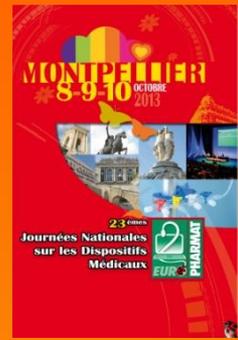


CLASSIFICATIONS DES PROTHÈSES DE HANCHE

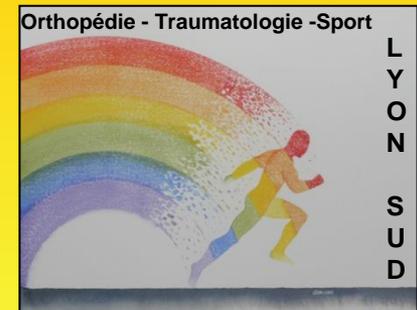


Michel-Henri FESSY

Centre Hospitalier Lyon Sud

micHEL.fessy@chu-lyon.fr

ONLY LYON 



Euro-Pharmat – Montpellier – 8, 9 & 10 octobre 2013

L'arthroplastie de hanche

Une opération merveilleuse

Marcher

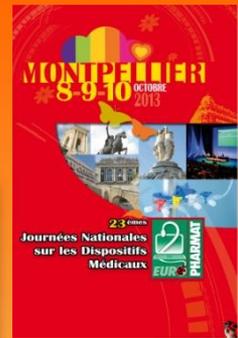
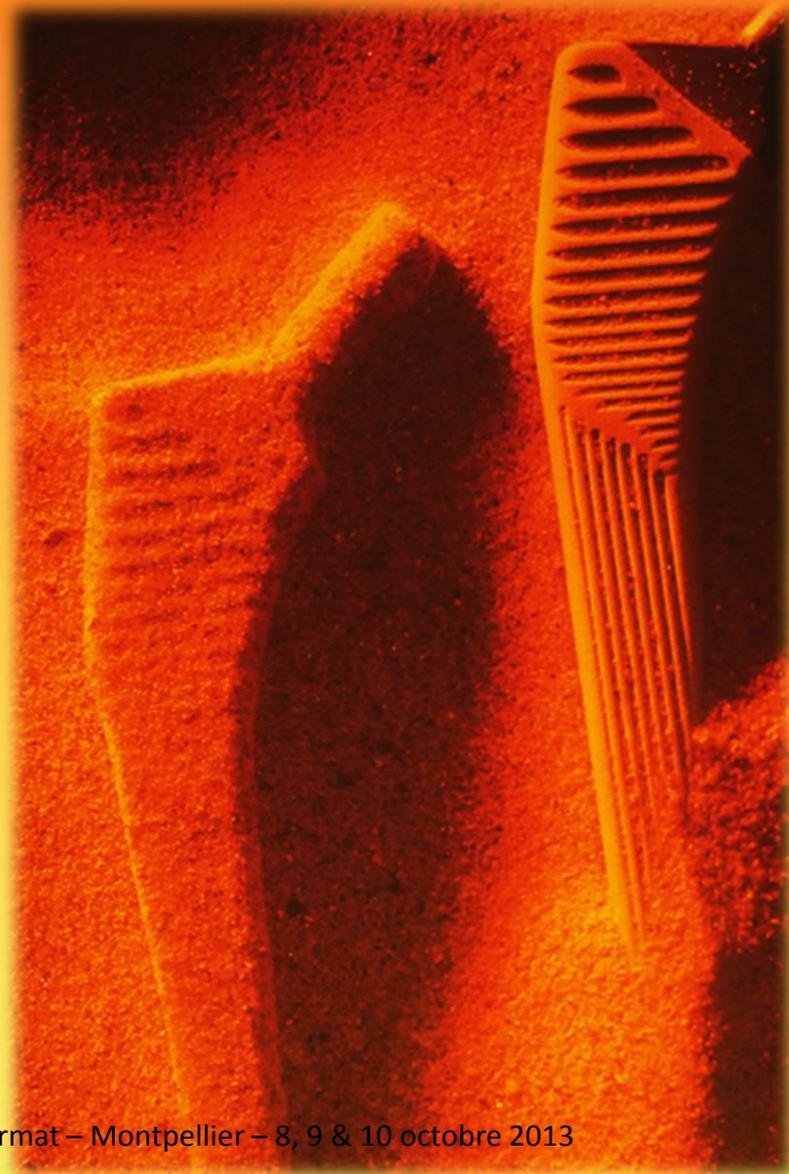
Sans canne

Sans boiterie

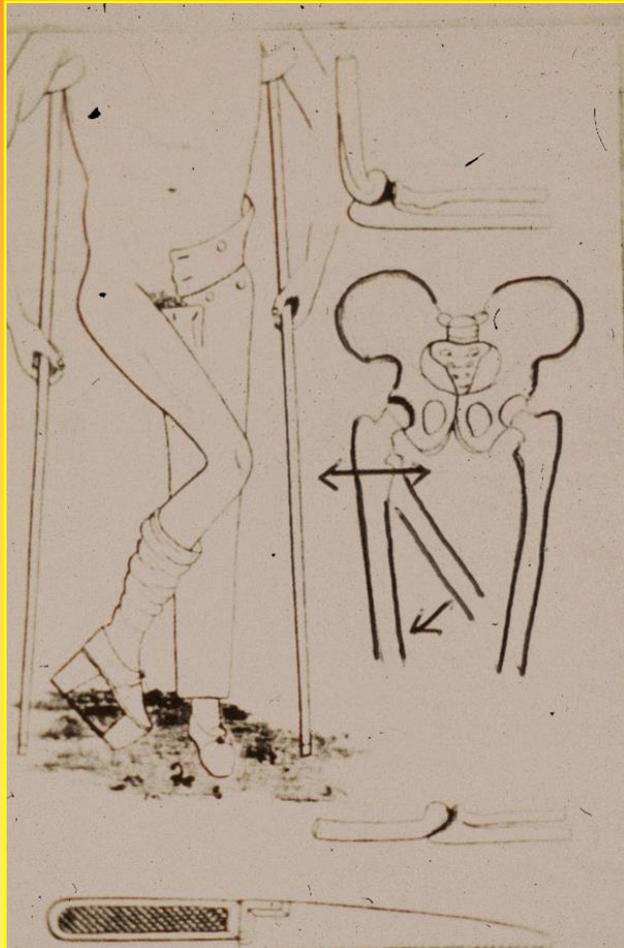
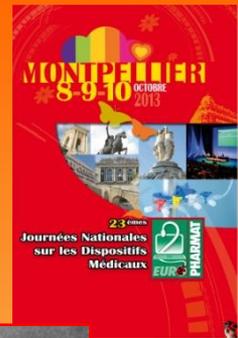
Sans douleur

De façon illimité

Une opération que l'on oublie



Historique

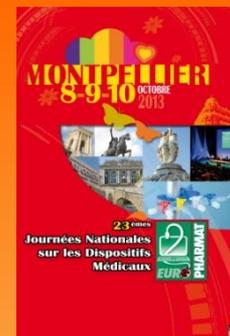


John Rhea BARTON
(1794 – 1871)
University of Pennsylvania

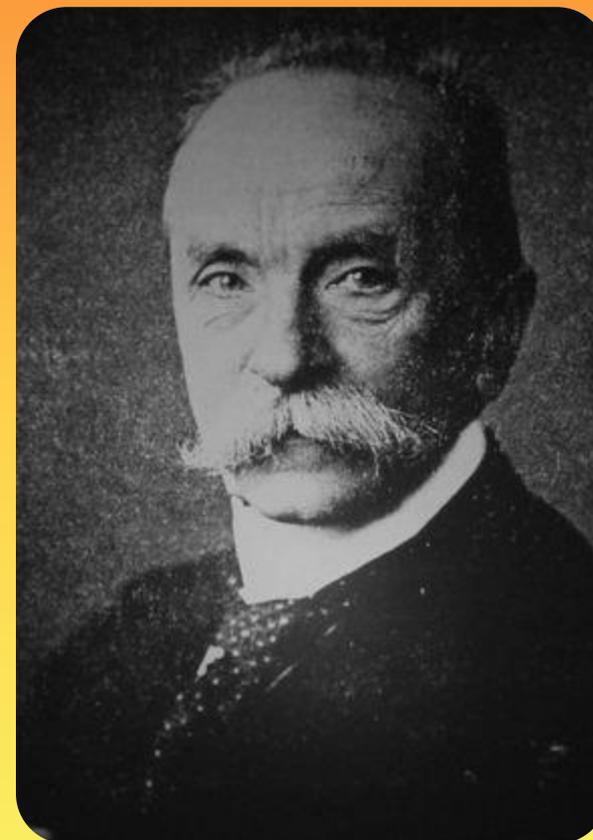


22 nov. 1826

Patient : John Coyle 21 ans
Pseudarthrose
sous trochantérienne
sur hanche ankylosée
Section du fémur en 7 mn
sans anesthésie

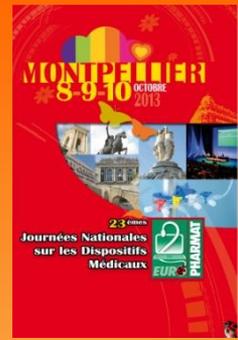


□ Thomas GLUCK
1890



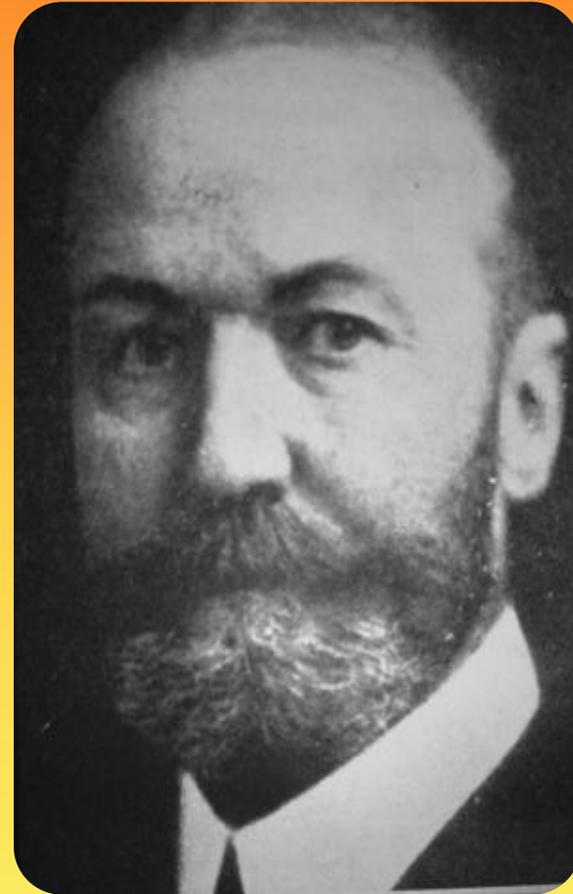
LA RESECTION

- ❑ OLLIER
- ❑ LANGENBECK



L'INTERPOSITION

- MURPHY
- LEXER

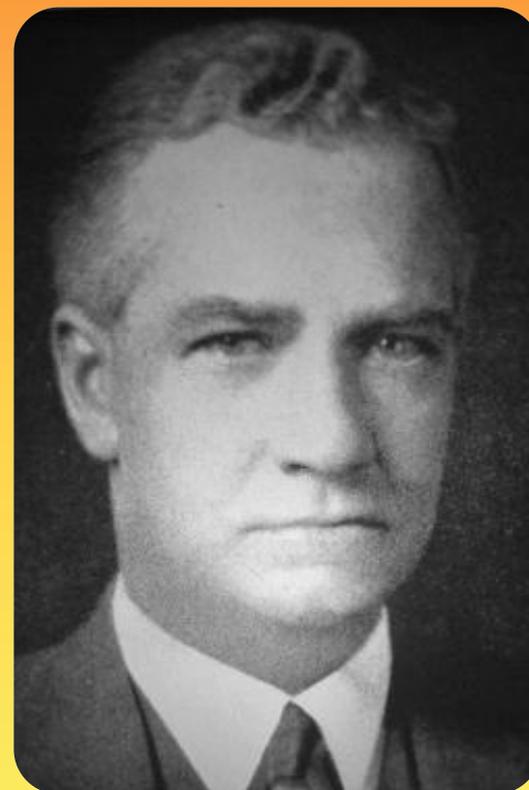


□ SMITH - PETERSEN 1917 La Hip Cup

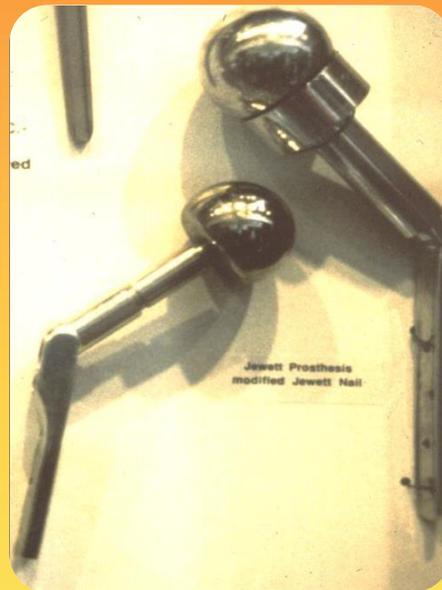
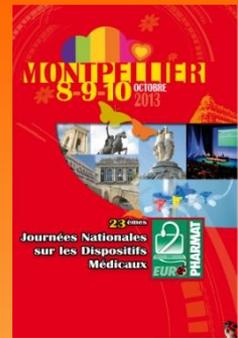


La cupule en Vitallium sera utilisée de 1938 à 1952
1000 prothèses implantées en 15 ans
Série revue par Aufranc

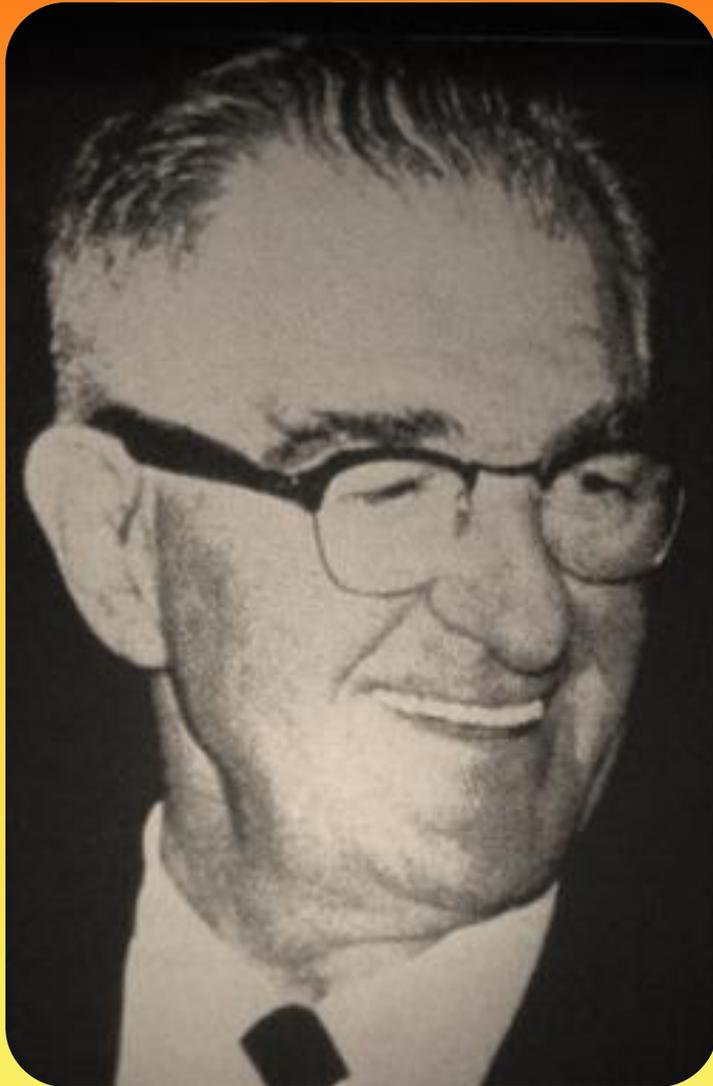
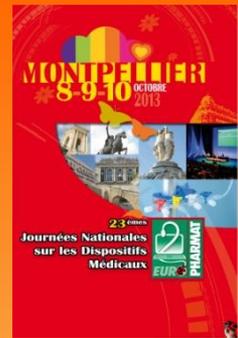
AUFRANC J.B.J.S. 1957, 39-A, 237
82 % de bons résultats
22.5 % de réinterventions



Une difficulté: la fixation des implants

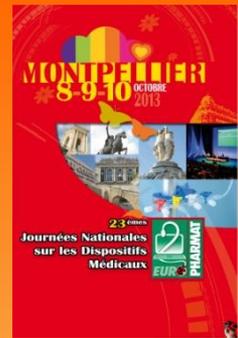


1950 Austin MOORE



MACRO-ANCRAGE

En France: les frères Judet



A l'origine était...

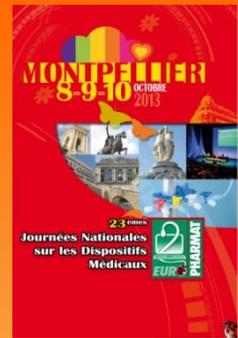


John CHARNLEY 1962



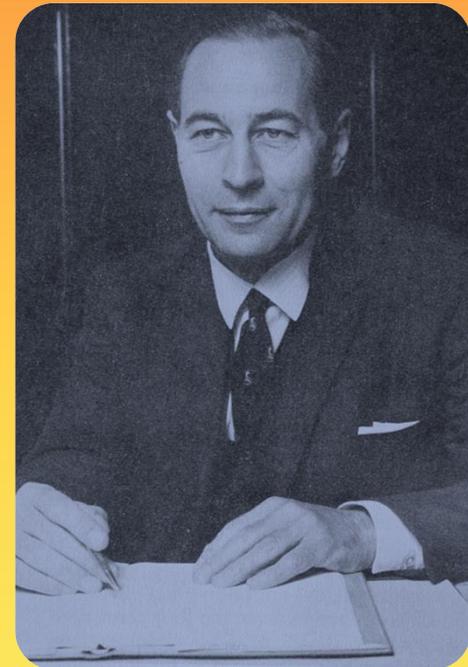
Euro-Pharmat – Montpellier – 8, 9 & 10 octobre 2013

Tout est résolu et pourtant...



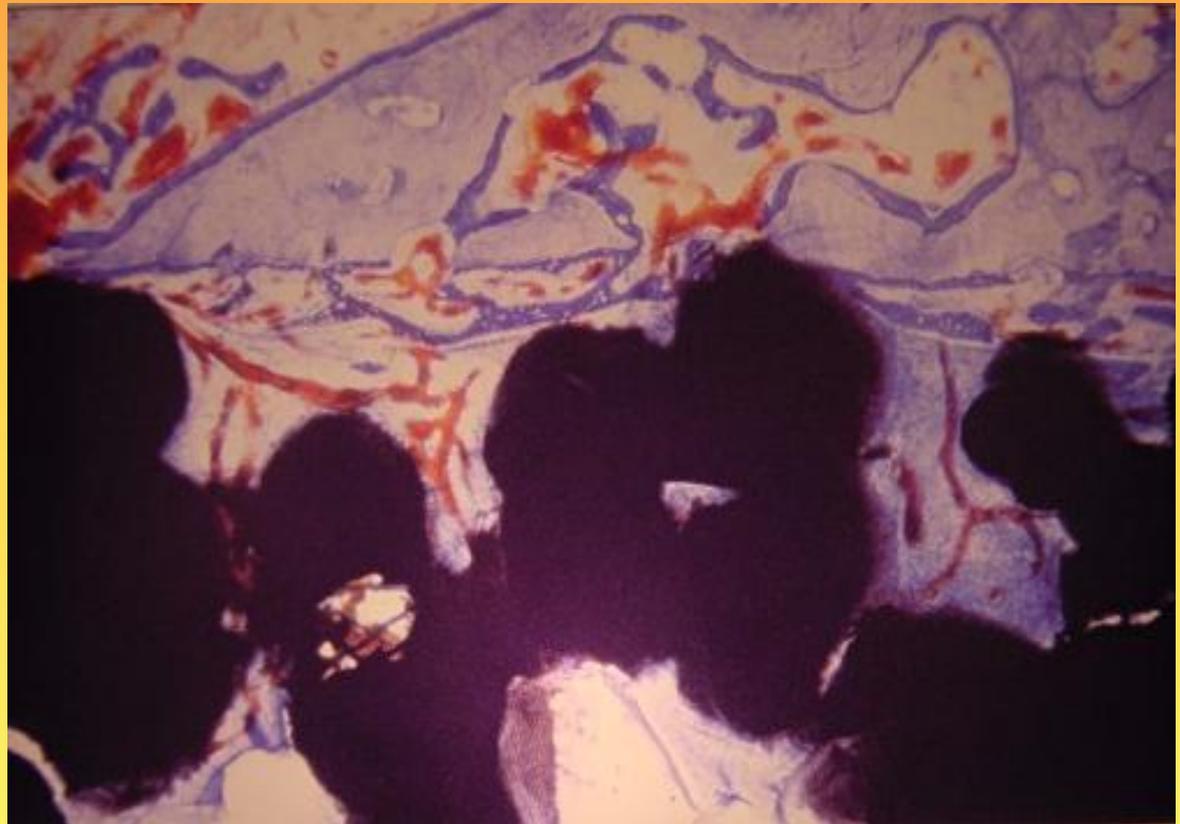
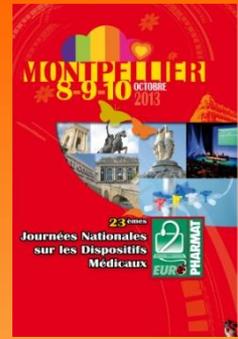
- Les risques du ciment
- Une information qui circule mal
- Autorisation FDA 1973

... **la recherche continue**



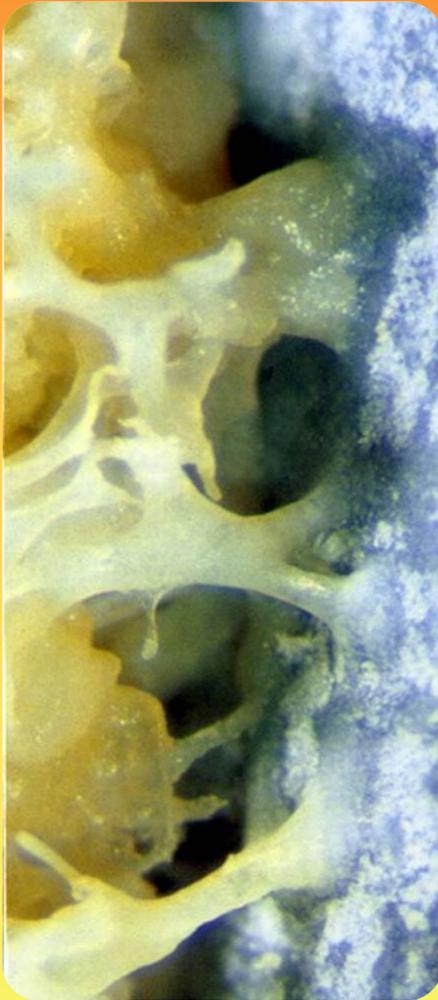
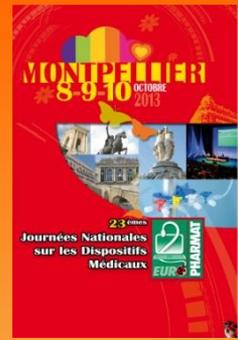
LES ANNEES 70

LE MICRO-ANCRAGE



1986

L'ANCRAGE BIOLOGIQUE



- ❑ *FURLONG*
- ❑ *GEESINK*
- ❑ *ARTRO group*



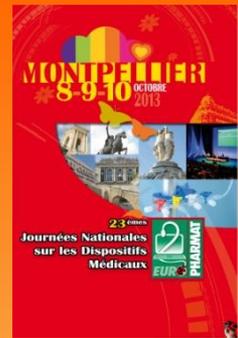
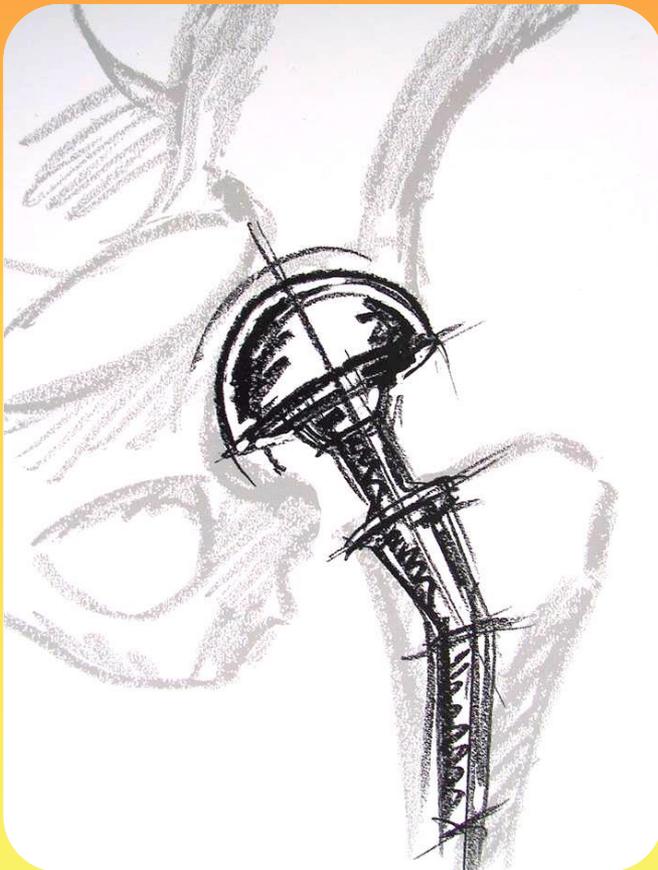
Quatre types d'arthroplastie



- La prothèse totale
- La prothèse céphalique
- La prothèse intermédiaire
- Le resurfaçage

Quatre types d'arthroplastie

□ La prothèse totale

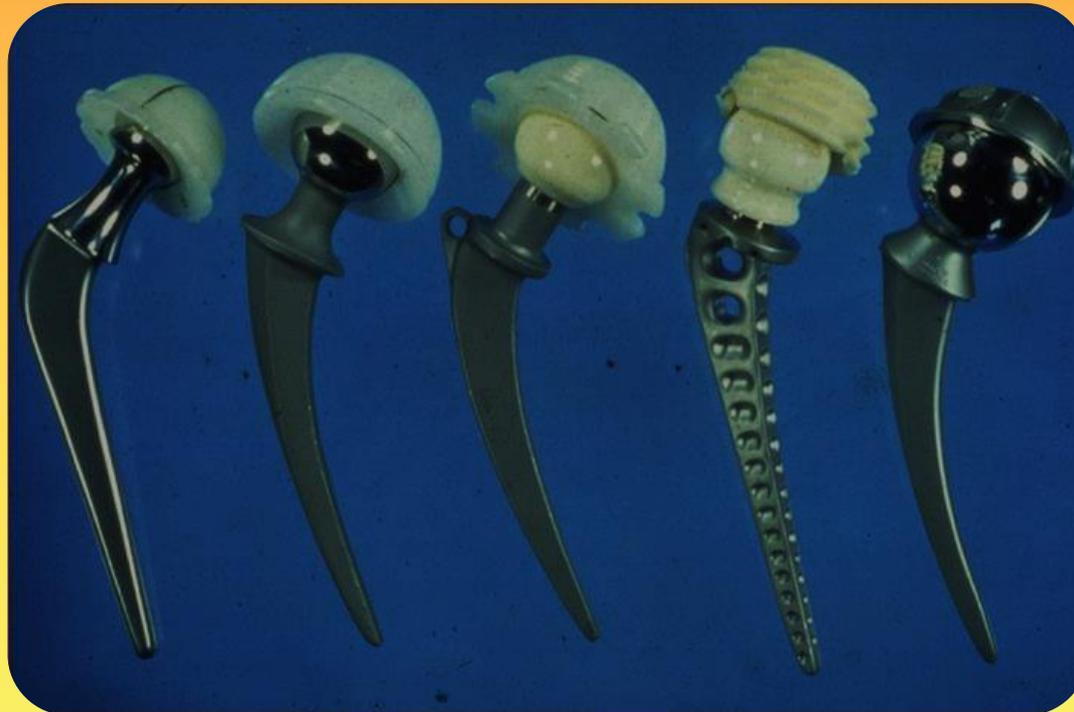


Quatre types d'arthroplastie

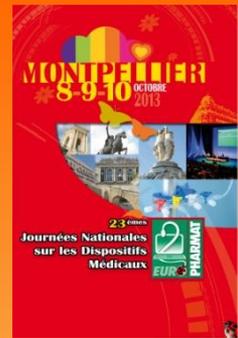


□ La prothèse totale

et la notion de couple de frottement



Quatre types d'arthroplastie



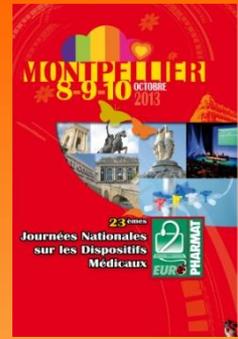
□ La prothèse céphalique



Moore 1946

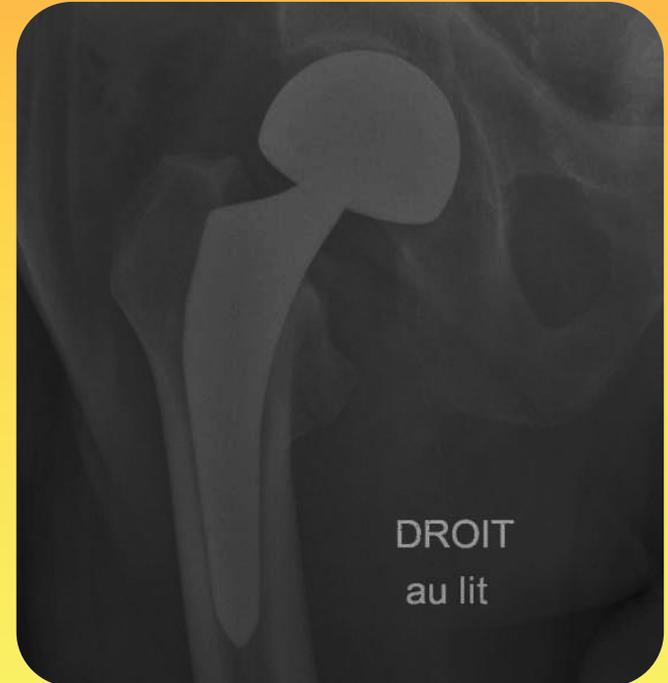


Quatre types d'arthroplastie

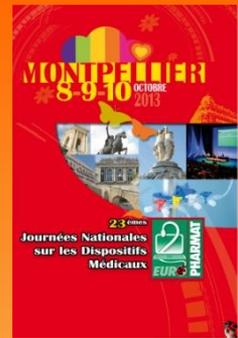


□ La prothèse intermédiaire

Une cupule mobile sur une tête prothétique
Une cupule mobile dans l'acétabulum



Quatre types d'arthroplastie



□ le resurfaçage



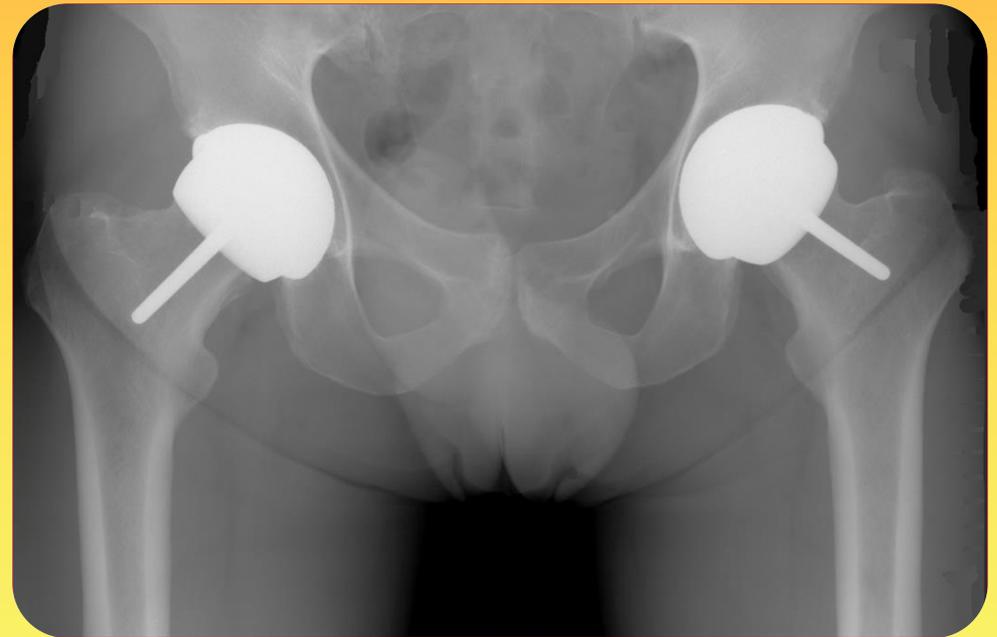
The McMinn™ Resurfacing Total Hip System

Developed in association with Mr. D. McMinn, F.R.C.S. at the Royal Orthopaedic Hospital, Birmingham, England.



CORIN

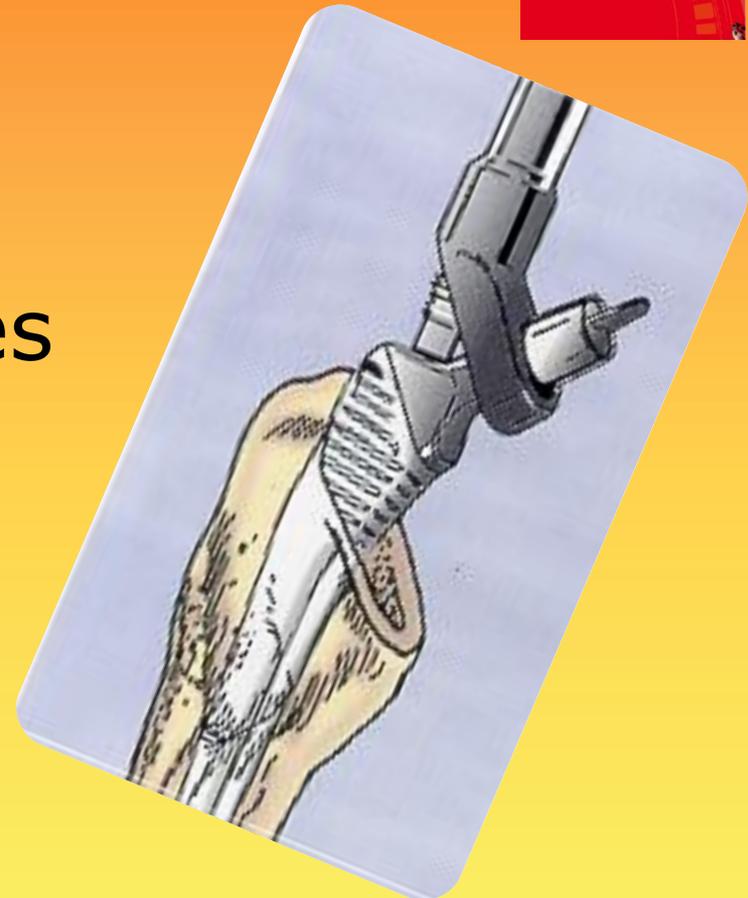
COBTU



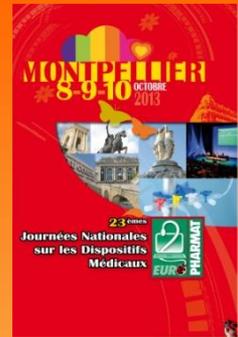
La condition pour une réussite immédiate



- ❑ des implants stables
- des implants bien fixés
 - ❑ Ciment
 - ❑ Sans ciment
 - ❑ Stabilité primaire
 - ❑ Stabilité secondaire

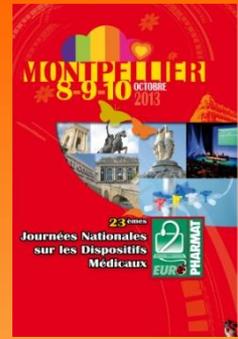


Des classifications



- ❑ première intention versus reprise
- ❑ en fonction du dessin, de la géométrie
- ❑ ciment versus sans ciment
- ❑ en fonction du mode de stabilisation primaire
- ❑ en fonction du mode de stabilisation secondaire

Le plan d'analyse



Première intention

Pivot

- Ciment
- Sans-ciment

Cupule

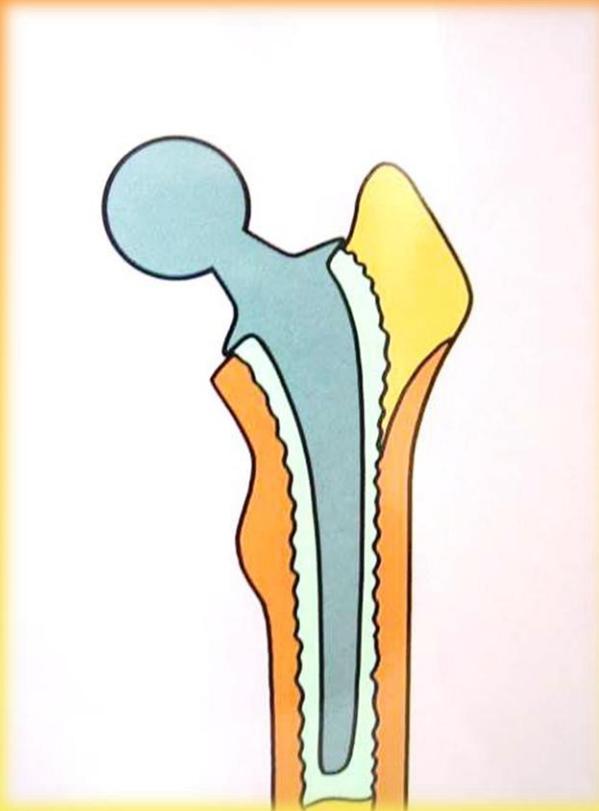
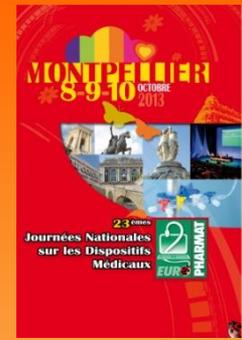
- Ciment
- Sans-ciment

Révision

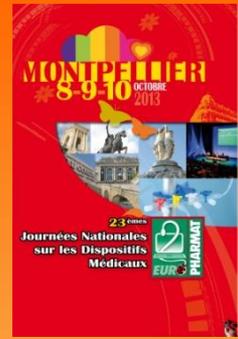
Versant fémoral

Versant acétabulaire

Selon le mode de fixation ciment *versus* sans-ciment



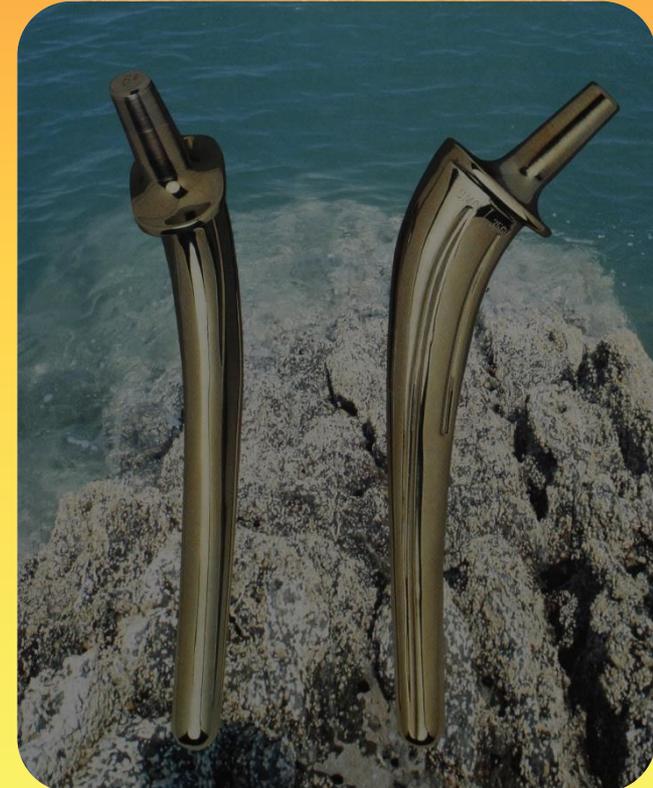
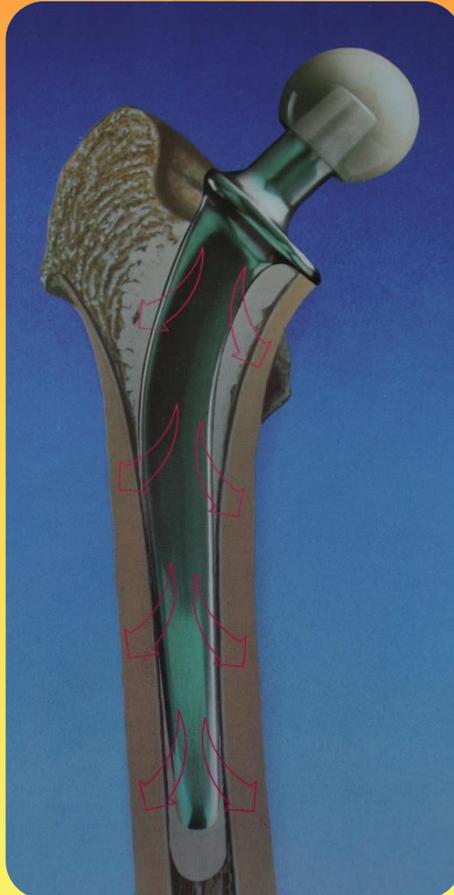
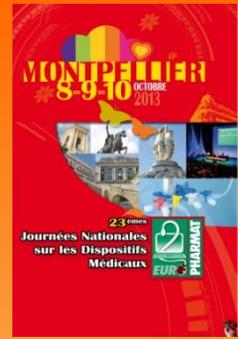
Implants de première intention les pivots



□ Cimentées

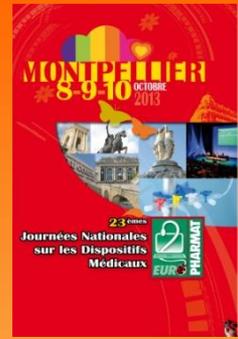
- Selon le dessin
 - Droit
 - Anatomique
- Selon le matériau
 - Chrome cobalt
 - Inox
 - Titane
- Selon l'état ou l'effet de surface: la rugosité

Dessin droit *versus* anatomique



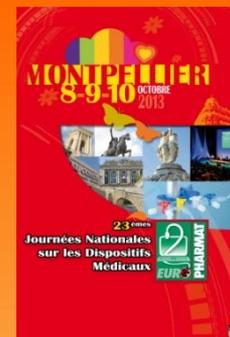
Euro-Pharmat – Montpellier – 8, 9 & 10 octobre 2013

Matériaux



- Acier inoxydables
- Chrome-Cobalt
- Titane

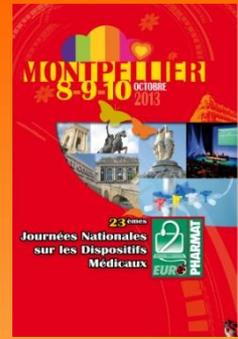
État de surface



- Lisse ou poli brillant
- Mat
- Rugueux



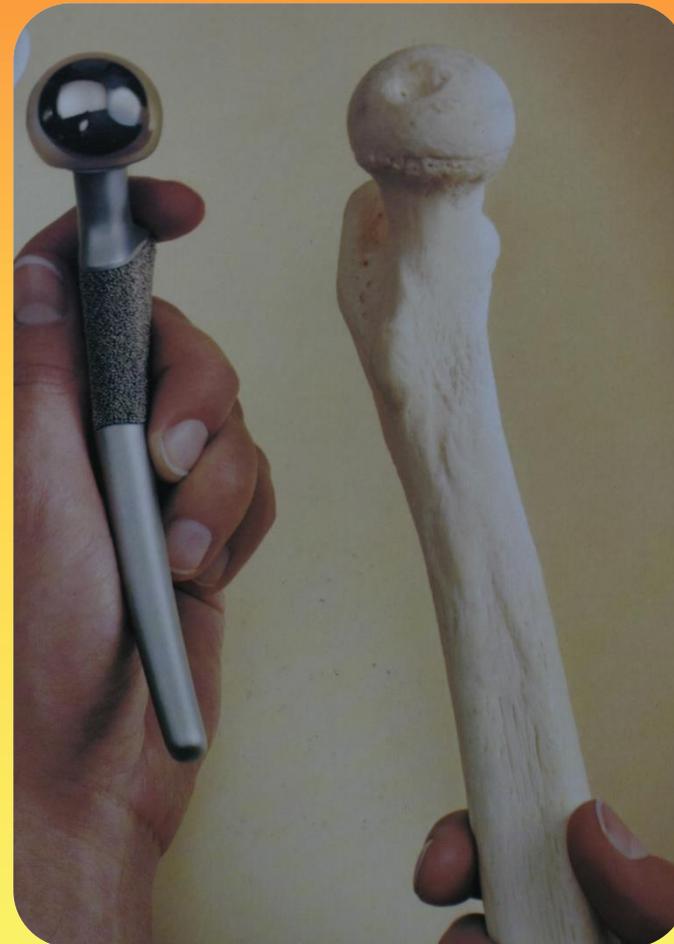
Implants de première intention les pivots



- ❑ sans ciment... le Titane et ses alliages
 - ❑ Selon le dessin
 - ❑ Droit
 - ❑ Anatomique
 - ❑ Selon l'effet de surface
 - ❑ Selon le traitement de surface
 - ❑ Selon l'étendu du traitement et de l'effet de surface

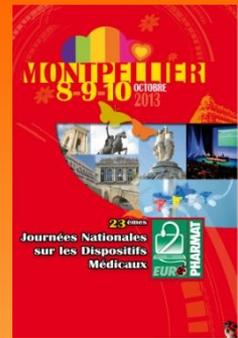
Selon la morphologie

tige droite versus tige anatomique
tige quadrangulaire versus ovoïde

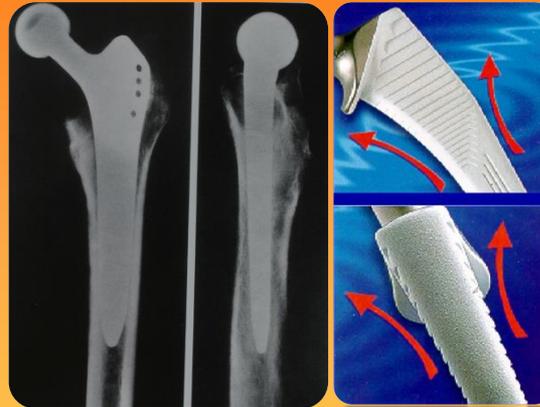


Euro-Pharmat – Montpellier – 8, 9 & 10 octobre 2013

Selon le mode de fixation primaire



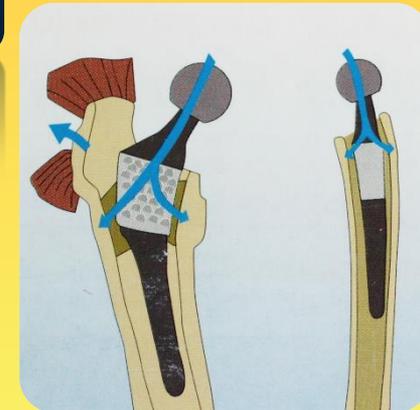
❑ Press fit



❑ Vissage

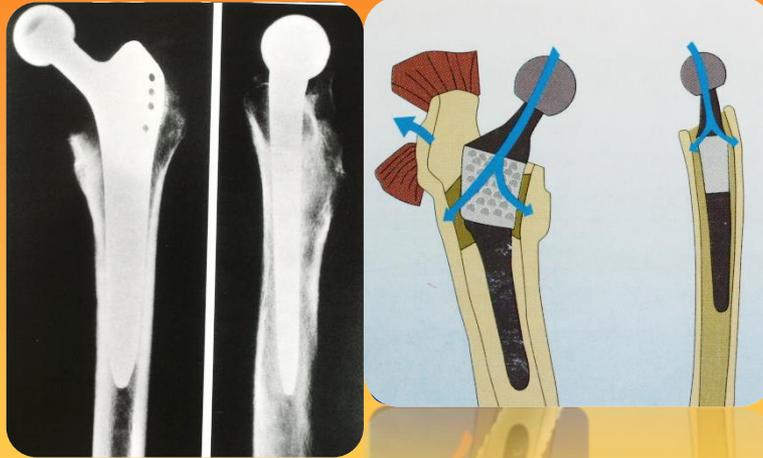


❑ Fit and feel

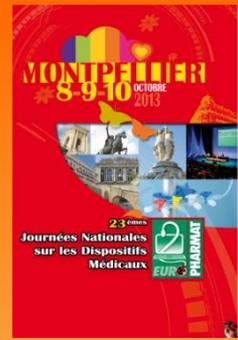


Selon le mode de fixation primaire

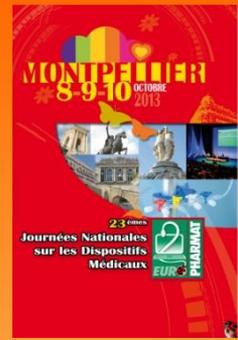
□ appui cortical



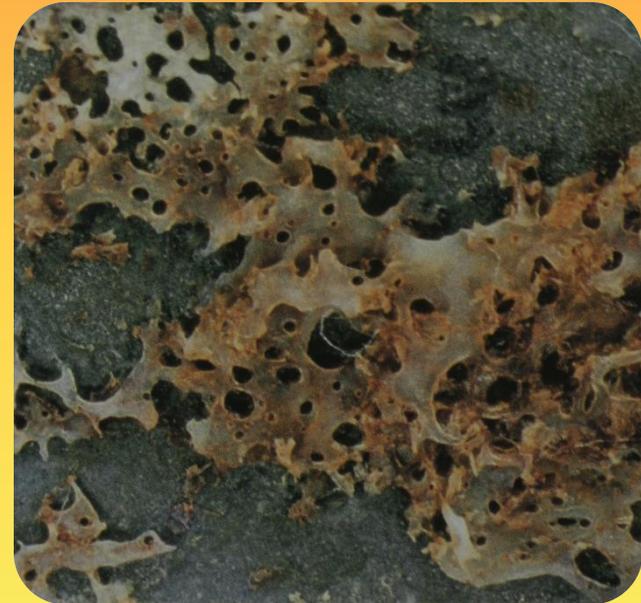
□ Compaction spongieuse



Selon l'effet de surface la rugosité

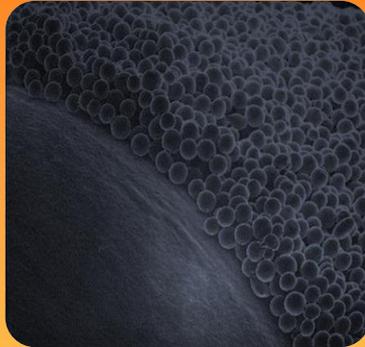


❑ Le sablage ou corindonage



Selon le traitement de surface

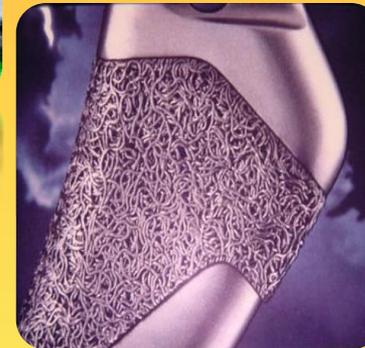
□ Micro billes



□ Spray titane



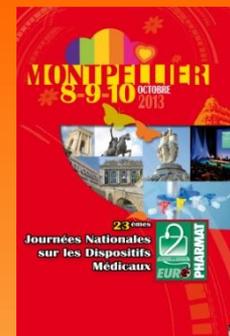
□ Treillis de titane



□ HAP



Selon l'étendu du traitement de surface



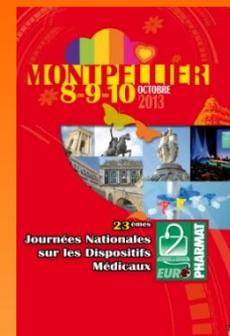
Selon la longueur du pivot tige standard *versus* tige courte



La prothèse cervicale



La prothèse courte sans conservation du col osseux



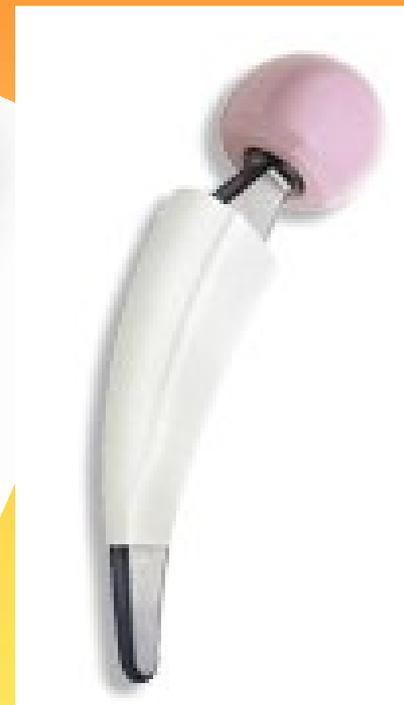
Trilock
DePuy



Taperlock
Biomet

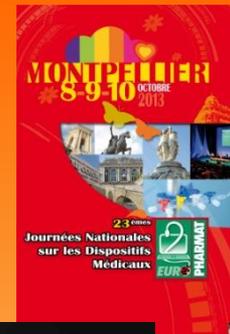


Mini Hip
Corin



Collo-MIS
Lima

La prothèse courte avec conservation du col osseux

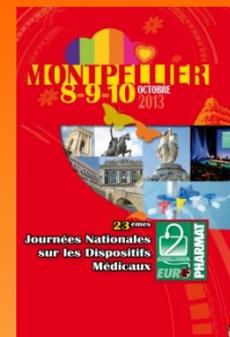


Collum Femoris Preserving Prosthesis (CFP) Link

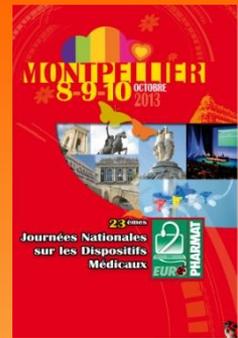
Pipino, 1980

Euro-Pharmat – Montpellier – 8, 9 & 10 octobre 2013

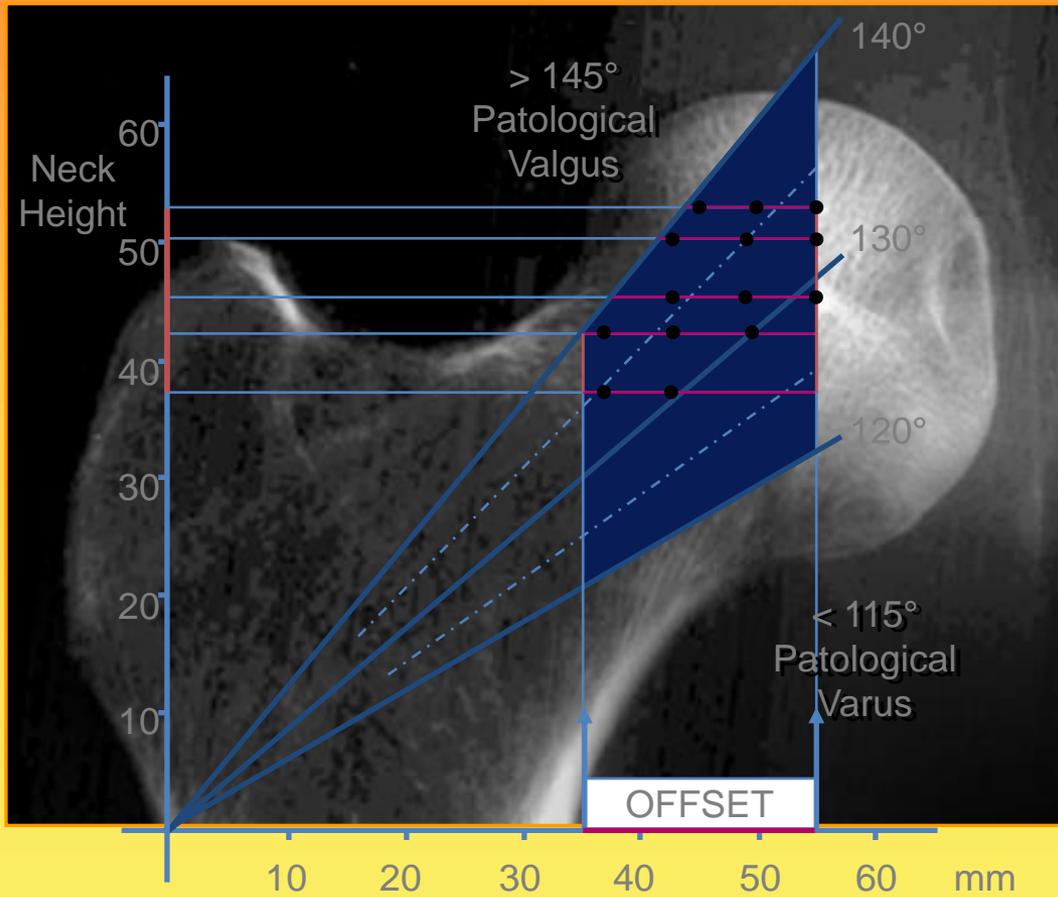
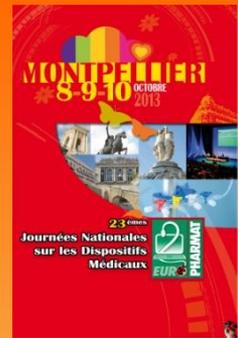
Pipino J orthopaed traumatol: 31-39 2000



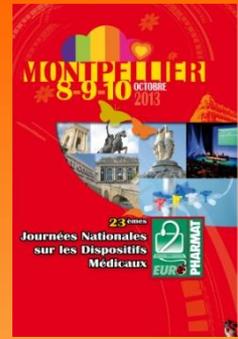
Avec ou sans collerette



Gamme standard et latéralisé



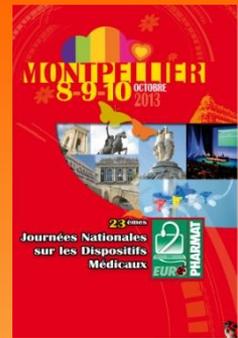
En fonction de la modularité



- Monobloc
- Modularité tête col
- Modularité du col
- Modularité métaphyso diaphyaire



En fonction de la modularité



❑ Monobloc

❑ Modularité tête col

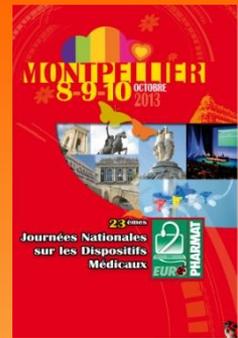
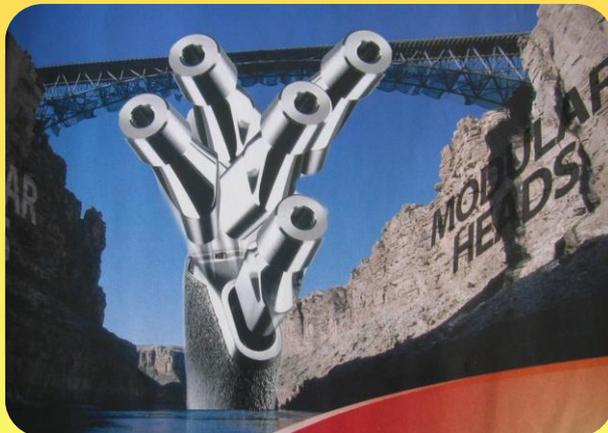
❑ Modularité du col

❑ Modularité métaphyso diaphytaire



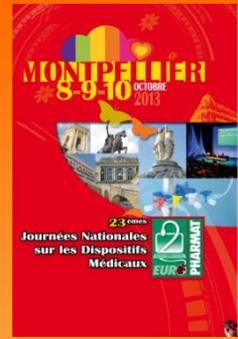
En fonction de la modularité

- ❑ Monobloc
- ❑ Modularité tête col
- ❑ Modularité du col
- ❑ Modularité métaphyso diaphyaire



En fonction de la modularité

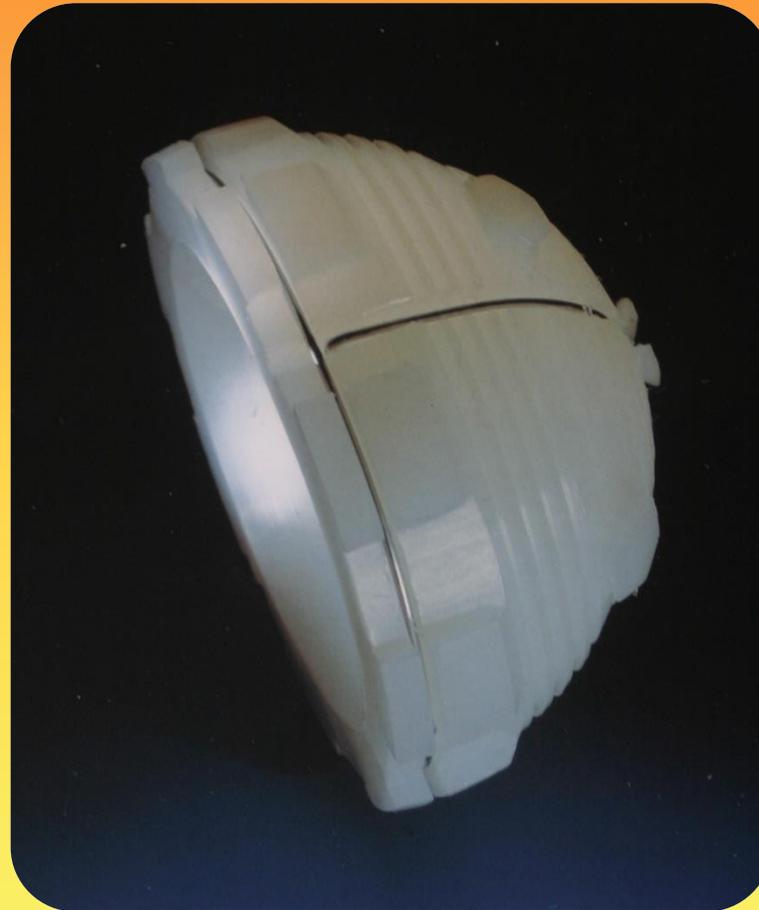
- ❑ Monobloc
- ❑ Modularité tête col
- ❑ Modularité du col
- ❑ Modularité métaphyso diaphyaire



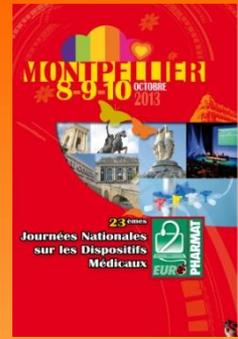
Implants de première intention les cupules



□ Cimentées



Implants de première intention les cupules



Sans ciment

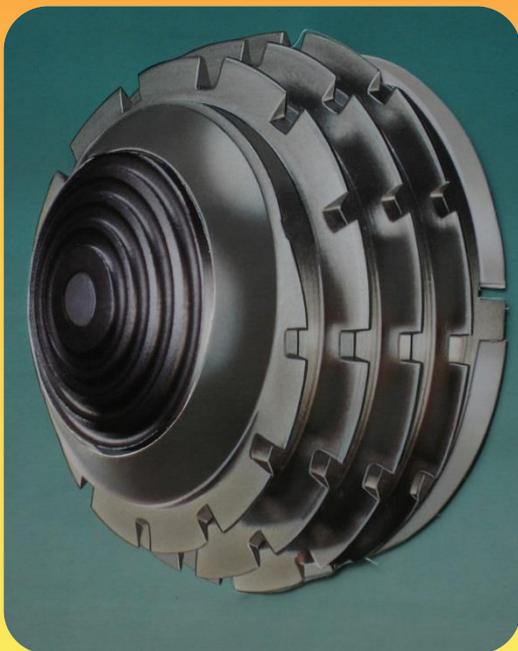
Selon le mode de stabilisation primaire

- Vissante
- A vis
- Press fit

Selon le mode de stabilisation secondaire

- Effet de surface
- Traitement de surface

Cupule vissée



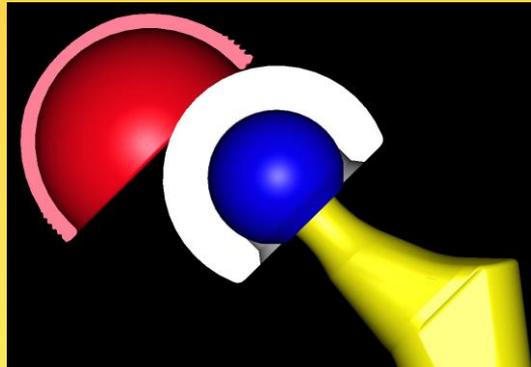
Cupule à vis



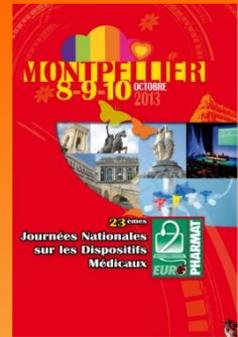
Cupule press fit équatorial



La Double Mobilité



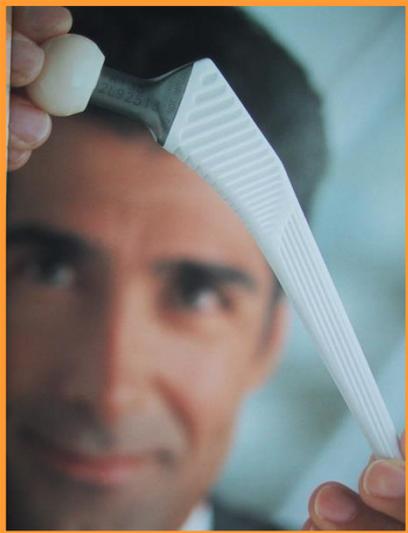
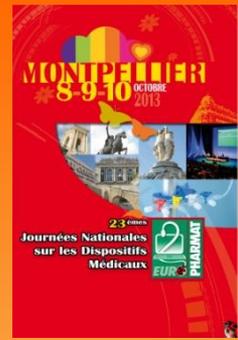
Des classifications



- première intention versus reprise
- ciment versus sans ciment
- en fonction du dessin
- en fonction du mode de stabilisation
- en fonction de la modularité

Implants et chirurgie de reprise

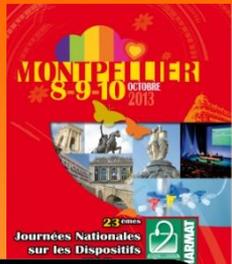
- ❑ Implants de révision
- ❑ Implants de reconstruction



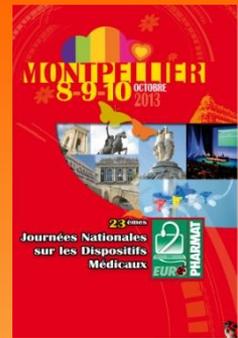
ciment versus sans ciment



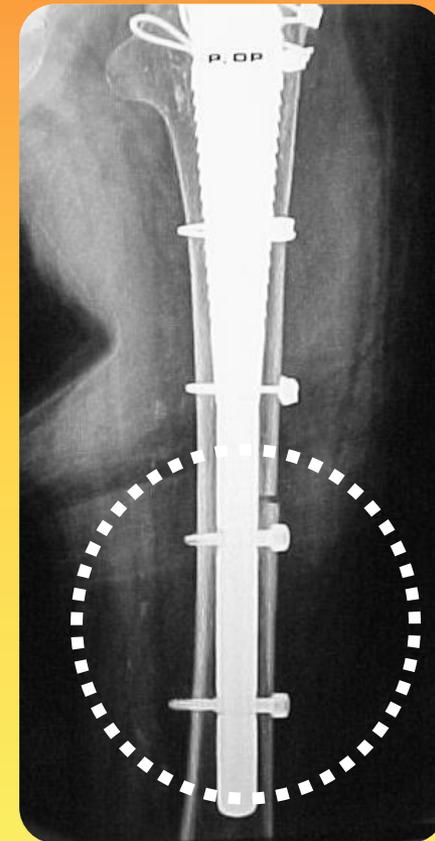
Pivot droit *versus* anatomique



mode de stabilisation primaire

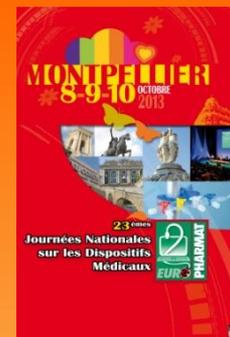


Press fit



Verrouillée

Modulaire ou non

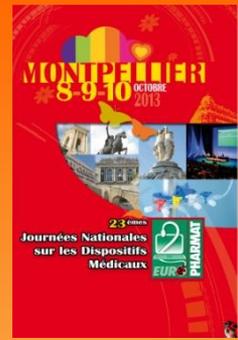
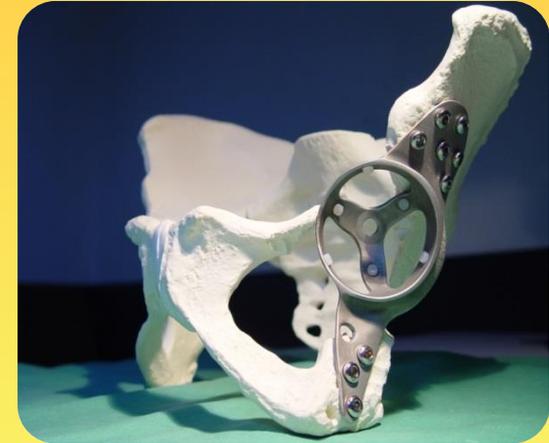
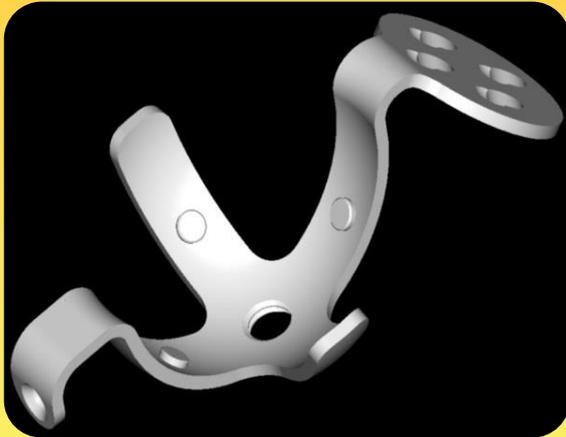


Les cupules de révision

- ❑ cupules standards (grande taille)



- ❑ armatures de soutien



CONCLUSIONS

